Cal



LEADING ARTICLES—December 7, 1917.
BAIL FOR WEINBERG APPLIED FOR.
WHY THE WORLD FIGHTS GERMANY.
NOT A RICH MAN'S WAR.
IMPORTANT TO EMPLOYERS.
A TIME FOR CAUTION.

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3-Has made bomb cases an international scandal.

4-Is political protege of Patrick Calhoun.

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JUNE 30, 1917.

The Official Journal of the San Francisco Labor Council:::

LABOR CLARION

The Official Journal of the California State Federation of Labor

VOL. XVI.

SAN FRANCISCO, FRIDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1917

No. 44

BAIL FOR WEINBERG APPLIED FOR. By Frederick Esmond.

Immediately after the twenty-minute acquittal of Israel Weinberg, on Tuesday, November 27th, the attorneys for the defense prepared a motion for his release on bail.

This was heard in Judge Dunne's court on Saturday morning, December 1st. As was to be expected after the precedent in the Rena Mooney case, the District Attorney's office, in the person of Assistant District Attorney Ferrari, stated at once that they were opposed to the granting of bail. Upon which Judge Dunne stated that he would give his ruling upon the following Wednesday.

But in view of the frequently expressed prejudice of Judge Dunne in these cases, and especially when his action in the similar application for bail for Mrs. Mooney is remembered, there is small ground for any expectation that he will grant bail unless some considerable external pressure is brought to bear upon him.

The appeal for admission to bail for Weinberg was denied by Judge Dunne on Wednesday of the current week. The appeal for bail for Mrs. Mooney is at present under advisement in the Appellate Court.

Statements of jurors:

Foreman of the Jury Frank L. Bates: "We certainly found no proof of guilt against Weinberg. You can tell from the time we took to return an acquittal just what we thought about the case. There was simply no shadow of evidence against this man. That's all there was to it."

Juror A. P. Happ: "We got that verdict out just as quick as God would let us. The testimony brought against Weinberg was an insult to the intelligence and decency of fairminded men. The Edeau woman daren't look at us when she testified that she saw Weinberg. And then there was her statement about her 'astral body' being at 721 Market street. Do they expect an honest jury to seriously consider such junk? They didn't prove a single essential of their case. Weinberg should be immediately admitted to bail and every indictment against him should be dismissed."

Juror William J. Gerrard: "I voted not guilty because I couldn't believe the testimony of the Edeau woman and John McDonald—it was too raw."

Juror Joseph Jacobs: "I certainly believe that Weinberg should be admitted to bail without any further delay. There was absolutely not a syllable of credible testimony brought against Weinberg. I am personally convinced that Weinberg is an industrious, law abiding citizen. The sooner he is admitted to bail and sent back to his wife and boy and allowed to take up his business again the better."

Juror Langdon E. Boyle: "There was nothing to do but acquit Weinberg. We waited all these seven weeks for the State to produce its evidence and it didn't produce it."

Nothing, however, has more completely shown the utter fatuity of the District Attorney's office than the appearance in Judge Cabaniss' court of Assistant District Attorney Ferrari the day after Weinberg's twenty-minute acquittal with an announced intention of proceeding with the trial of Edward Nolan, against whom that same District Attorney's office had to admit that there was not sufficient evidence to warrant his being held at the time when he was allowed out on bail, immediately following the exposure of the Oxman letters. Since then, however, the Dis-

trict Attorney's office seems to have been somewhat more amenable to reason, having finally agreed to postpone the setting of a date for the remaining trials until December 22nd, or four days after the recall election.

LABOR IS NOT FOOLING.

Labor's opposition to injunctions and its refusal to surrender "last-resort" strike rights are not relished by the New York "World," which assures its readers the workers are not in earnest and only want to "keep their record straight." This editor, who seems unconscious of the spirit of labor, says:

"When the American Federation of Labor resolves that throughout the period of the war there 'should be no cessation of work except as a last resort,' we must assume an intent merely to keep the record of any formal surrender of the strike as a weapon of protection even though this surrender may be practically in view for the time mentioned.

"When, again, the Federation reaffirms its position against government by injunction, or treatment of labor as a commodity, to be disregarded 'let the consequences be what they may,' it must also be assumed that the desire is to give old principles a continuing voice irrespective of present conditions as affecting the matter.

"The strike is or ought to be always a last resort with organized labor. It has been made unnecessary even as a last resort during the war by the pledges and actions of the Federal Government that all of its immense war powers will be used to see that justice is done in all matters of wages and hours and other conditions of work. The Government of the United States has furthermore decreed by formal enactment that labor is not to be regarded in law as a commodity, and it has otherwise guarded more closely the use of the powers of its courts in equity processes.

"This convention of the American Federation of Labor has given, on every clear test that arose, notable expression of the patriotism and uncompromising devotion of its great membership to the Government in the war. The leadership of Samuel Gompers in this direction has been magnificent and has been responded to with remarkable unanimity and enthusiasm. If there is anything in the convention's final resolutions which may seem to conflict with this general spirit of the meeting, it is doubtless to be written down as without any such interpretation."

NEED LARGER HALL.

So great is the attendance at the weekly meeting of the Molders' Union No. 164, that it has been found necessary to secure a larger meeting hall.

The union has decided to have stickers printed and placed in members' due books instructing them not to sign any cards or other documents when seeking employment.

W. Griffin and J. Patterson were granted honorary cards at the last meeting of the union.

MILK WAGON DRIVERS NOMINATE.

The local Milk Wagon Drivers' Union will hold its semi-annual election of officers on Wednesday, December 19th. Nominations will close next Wednesday evening. Up to date the following nominations have been made: President, J. J. Rusk, William F. Wohn, John E. Crowley; vice-president, A. C. Kehoe; secretary-treasurer, M. E. Decker; business agent, Frank J. McGovern, J. Jensen; recording secretary, Charles T. McCann; trustee, three-year term, Frank Burns, Roy P. Horn.

IMPORTANT TO EMPLOYERS.

The Legislature of 1917 amended the present State compensation laws in a number of particulars, and the changes will become effective January 1, 1918.

One of the important changes made is that which requires every employer, except the State and all political subdivisions or institutions thereof, to secure the payment of compensation in one of the following ways:

1. By insuring and keeping insured in an insurance company duly authorized to write compensation insurance in this State.

2. By securing from the commission a certificate of consent to self-insure, which may be given when satisfactory proof of the employer's ability to carry his own insurance is furnished.

The commission will require such employer to deposit with the State Treasurer a surety bond or securities approved by the commission, in an amount to be determined by the commission.

If an employer fails to secure the payment of compensation, he is subjected to an added liability, as his injured employee cannot only claim compensation, but may also bring an action at law for damages, and shall be entitled in such action to the right to attach the property of the employer, to secure the payment of any judgment that may be obtained.

In any such action the employer is denied the defenses of contributory negligence, assumption of risk and negligence of fellow servant, and the negligence of the employer is presumed.

Those employers who wish to obtain a certificate of consent to carry their own insurance, or who may desire further information on any question relating to the compensation laws, should make application to the Industrial Accident Commission, 525 Market street, San Francisco.

MACHINISTS ELECT OFFICERS.

Machinists' Union No. 68 has elected the following officers: President, D. P. Haggerty; vicepresident, G. Eckert; recording secretary, Charles Watson; financial secretary, James T. Bailey; treasurer, L. Geissberger; conductor, E. J. Zohner; sentinel, J. J. Griffin; trustee, J. E. Hare; business agent, Pierre Flaherty; delegates to San Francisco Labor Council, J. T. Bailey, J. H. Beckemeyer, H. J. Carberry, Dan Driscoll, J. J. Ellis, D. P. Haggerty, C. W. Hogue, F. Lee, Charles Watson; delegates to Iron Trades Council, J. J. Ellis, D. P. Haggerty, F. Lee; law and legislative committee, C. E. Doud, D. P. Haggerty, E. D. Nolan; executive board, A. H. Agaton, H. J. Carberry, N. B. Coleman, R. N. Chapman, C. E. Doud, J. J. Ellis, J. H. Gilmore, H. A. Gamble, J. E. Hare, C. N. Johnson, J. McSweyn, A. Schneider.

BUTCHERS NOMINATE.

Butchers' Union No. 115 has made the following nominations for the election to be held on December 19th: President, M. R. Grunhof, Ed. Powers; vice-president, Robert Aaron; secretary and business agent, M. S. Maxwell; financial secretary-treasurer, F. M. Sanford; guide, Jacob Muller; guard, Henry Behrman, Ed. Costello; trustees, John Funk, Ben A. Lee, Max Isoshe; executive board, Louis Podesta, F. E. Cannon, Jacob Muller, Thomas Brogan; advisory member to State executive board, M. R. Grunhof, M. S. Maxwell. Nominations will close next Wednesday evening.

Various amendments to the constitution of the union have been proposed and will be acted upon Wednesday evening, December 12th.

P. BENEDETTI, Manage

WHY THE WORLD FIGHTS GERMANY.

[Note:-These excerpts from official French reports of German atrocities in Northern France, are accompanied in practically every case with sworn statements by municipal officials in the cities and towns in which they took place. Names, places and dates are given fully in the original reports.]

At Somzee, (Northern France), on August 22nd, the Germans arrested five persons, among them a feeble-minded boy of 14. The boy tried to escape and was shot through the thigh. Under threat of death, persons were forbidden to attend him and he lay in the middle of the street, where he bled to death. So incensed was the officer in charge of the squad of Germans, over the attempted escape, that he summarily ordered the other four prisoners executed. The order was carried out. At Tiennes, on the same day, the Germans burned 25 houses. Two men. trapped in the cellar of a burning house, where they had hidden, tried to escape by crawling through the gratings of a window. They were both shot and killed by Uhlans as they climbed through the gratings. In the same place a man and his wife who had hidden in the cellar of their home, sought to escape after the Germans had set fire to their house. The Germans fired at them, wounding both. The woman fell back into the cellarway, and she was burned to death.

At Gougnies, on August 23rd, the Germans burned 27 houses; at Falisolle, 31; at Krismont, 163; at Fosse, 70. At Biesmes they burned 72 houses and executed eight civilians. On the road from Fosse to Vitraval a party of women and children were overtaken by a squad of Uhlans. One of the Uhlans dismounting, attacked one woman. She resisted and he seized a saber from another trooper and plunged it through her breast. Some of the man's comrades laughed as he showed them the saber dripping with blood. He then wiped the saber on his coat. At Roselies they burned 31 houses and executed eight, including the cure, an aged

At Monceau 70 inhabitants were shot by the Germans. An old man of 77 was killed as he fled from his burning home. Entire families were slain-in one case a father and mother and a boy eight years old. The woman was shot point-blank in the dooryard of her home. father, carrying the child, sought refuge in the garden. They were discovered by a German trooper who shot them both dead. From another house they took father and son and stood them against a wall. They shot the son first; then they compelled the father to stand over the dead body, looking down at it, and shot him in that position. A child, shot by the Germans, had been carried into the house by its mother. The Germans, hearing of it, came to the house, piled straw around the bed on which the child lay and set fire to it. Several hundred civilians were herded together by Uhlans and forced to act as a screen for German troops in their crossing of the Sambre.

Twenty-four civilians were massacred at Marchienne on the same day. One of them was an old woman of 74 and another a girl of seventeen, who cried "Vive l'Angleterre," mistaking the Germans for British troops. This girl's body was found two days afterward by French troops, lying in a field. It had been stripped naked and the breasts cut and slashed with bayonets. At Jumet, the Germans encountered French machine gun fire and ran amuck. A father and two sons were bound together. After shooting the two sons, the Germans cut off the father's hand and turned him loose. At Charleroi, 160 houses were set fire to and destroyed under the orders of German officers. Here, too, civilians were driven as a screen before the German troops.

At Courtacon the Prussian Guards forced the Mayor, four men of the commune and a boy of

13 years to act as a screen against French firing. These five escaped with their lives, but the Germans found a boy of 16 who belonged to the Belgian conscript class but who had not yet been called. They first stripped him naked and then executed him. At La Ferte-Gaucher, the Germans broke into a house and violated a woman in the presence of her four-year-old child. Pressing on to Mauperthuis, they seized a civilian from his house and executed him, together with a hostage whom they had brought with them from Courtacon. They also seized and shot two aged caretakers of a neighboring farm. At Gembloux, after the Germans had retreated, pursuing Belgian troops found the dead body of a woman pinned to the door of a house by a sword driven through her chest. The body was naked and the breasts had been cut off. At Peronnes, the Germans burned 63 houses and shot eight civilians, including the Burgomaster. The relatives of the executed civilians were ordered, under threat of death, not to touch the bodies and they lay in the street for 48 hours.

At La Ferte-Gaucher, a woman who resisted the advances of a German officer was turned over by him to four of his men and was ravished by them in turn as the officer looked on. At Monceau-sur-Sambre, on the same day, the Germans burned 251 houses after looting them, and shot down 28 persons, including women and children, as they fled from their burning homes. Thirty others received wounds from which they afterward died, and twelve were executed by firing squads.

WAITERS HONOR SOLDIER.

"Alphonse," a soldier of France, who has many times distinguished himself for bravery on the battlefield and in the trenches of Europe during the past three years, was a guest of honor at the weekly meeting of the Waiters' Union.

Alphonse, formerly a member of the union, made an interesting talk, following which he shook hands with every one present.

Resolutions were adopted pledging each member to promptly report to the secretary of the union any violation of any and all federal food conservation measures that may come to his knowledge in any place of employment where he may be working. All members pledged themselves to "faithfully observe all regulations of the Federal Food Administration."

WATER WORKERS ORGANIZE.

The water workers, formerly a part of the Gas and Water Workers' Union, have formed a separate organization chartered directly by the American Federation of Labor. The new organization was perfected by Chairman John O. Walsh of the organizing committee of the San Francisco Labor Council and general organizer for the American Federation of Labor.

AWAITING CALL.

Lieutenant Frank Ainsworth of the U. S. Navy, delegate to the San Francisco Labor Council and president of the S. F. Federation of Federal Civil Service Employees, who has been on the waiting list of the navy for several weeks, expects to be called into active service within the next few days.

FRANK RONEY BREAKS TWO RIBS.

The many friends of Frank Roney, the veteran secretary of the Metal Trades Council, will regret to learn that he is seriously ill, having broken two ribs as the result of a fall in a bathtub.

As Mr. Roney is in his seventy-fourth year, his injuries are more serious than they would be were he a young man.—"Los Angeles Citizen."

Patronize those who patronize you is a good rule to follow. Those who advertise in the "Labor Clarion" patronize you,

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FOUR ROOMS OF FURNITURE \$150

Good Sterling Furniture—Furniture that will look well, wear well and give years of service.

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Demand the Union Label



On Your Printing, Bookbinding and Photo Engravings

If a firm cannot place the Label of the Allied Printing Trades Council on your printing, it is not a Union Concern.

NOT A RICH MAN'S WAR. By Clarence Darrow.

The war won't cost the poor man a cent.

It may cost poor men's lives. But more men will be killed in industry and by such diseases as tuberculosis, spread by unfavorable conditions of life

The war won't cost the poor man anything, because he hasn't anything to pay with. The toll will be upon land and upon capital. The war will lower the price of land, and this will help industry.

On the other hand, large parts of big incomes will be taken. They are taking them now. The mines will become a sort of public property. Railroads will be treated more and more as public highways. More power will go into the hands of the people. There will be less power in the hands of the few. All the interests of labor are on this side—all the interests of liberty are on this side.

Labor has more to win than any one else.

Capital hasn't a chance to gain special advantage.

Germany or America must win. Labor must say what side will have its full support! If it is with this country it will have everything to say on the problems of the future—if not, it will have nothing to say.

No laboring man, no workingman, can afford to be neutral!

There are those who say this is a rich man's

I don't owe the rich man anything. But the rich man has nothing to do with this war excepting to help manage it. The poor man cannot manage it so well as the rich. The Federation of Labor couldn't manufacture flying machines so effectively as Henry Ford. Big business men were needed in the government's big business.

The rich people have been giving up much. They will give up more.

Some people were getting rich fast in the war—before we got in. They were selling munitions to the allies for high prices. Some people thought we shouldn't sell munitions to the allies. I agreed with that, I thought we ought to give 'em the munitions!

But now we're in. And the government is cutting the price on everything. The rich men—the manufacturers—haven't a chance. They'll come out poorer than they went in. The new income tax law draws away 60 per cent of the big incomes.

The rich man will pay nearly all the cost of the war, because he's the only man who has the money to pay. No wonder the price of stocks has gone down from a third to a half since the war began.

If I believed the rich men were so bad they'd deliberately get this country into war, I'd conclude the human race wasn't worth saving. But—

Wall street never made Germany violate Belgium. Wall street didn't tell Germany to sink the Lusitania. Wall street didn't bring on the submarine warfare. The German empire, step by step, brought on the war.

BOOKBINDERS' NEW SCALE.

A new scale and working agreement has been negotiated between the Bookbinders' Union and the Franklin Printing Trades Association at Sacramento which provides for a union shop, an eight-hour day and an increase in wages of \$2 per week for both men and women.

NOLAN IN WASHINGTON.

Congressman John I. Nolan, who has been spending the past few weeks at a health resort in New Mexico, was able to return to Washington in time for the opening of Congress.

ORPHEUM.

The Orpheum bill for next week will contain seven entirely new acts. Harriet Rempel, famous as actress and playwright, will appear in a whimsical satire entitled "Ashes," in which she impersonates a sort of Cinderella. It is said to be her most fortunate achievement and to afford delightful entertainment. She is well supported and both play and players came in for high commendation in the East. Willie Weston has made for himself a great name as a singer of clever songs. He is also a fine character actor with an excellent repertoire. His songs this season are the best he has ever had. Williams and Wolfus, who make buffoonery quite an art, or rather Herbert Williams does, for he is an exceptionally clever eccentric comedian, while his partner, Hilda Wolfus, proves a most capable foil to him, will present a melange of mirth and melody, labeled "Hark, Hark, Hark." Ralph Dunbar's "Tennessee Ten," colored singers, dancers and comedians, will appear in a musical skit, in which they display their skill as buck and wing dancers, sing folk songs and introduce their famous Jazz Band, with its dancing director, U. S. Thompson (Slow Kid). Mr. and Mrs. Mel-Burne, excellent farceurs, will appear in a wide-awake episode, entitled "On the Fourth Floor," which illustrates the truth of the sage saying "Only the serious is comical." George and Dick Rath appropriately style their act "A Study in Endurance," for it enables them to exhibit their splendid physical condition and hardihood and to give a clever and interesting gymnastic exhibition. Winona Winter, musical comedy and vaudeville favorite, will be heard in her latest song successes. Miss Winter is particularly versatile. She sings well, tells a good story, offers clever ventriloquial feats and displays remarkable ability as a mimic. The only holdover will be the successful musical comedy, "The Four Husbands," with Jack Boyle, Kitty Bryan and company of thirty.

A DENIAL.

James W. Mullen, Editor "Labor Clarion," San Francisco, Cal.

Dear Sir and Brother:

In the issue of the "Clarion" of Friday, November 30th, you published at the top of your editorial column the following:

"There were but two votes against Samuel Gompers for president of the American Federation of Labor at the Buffalo convention, and one of them came under instructions from the Alameda County Central Labor Council."

I want to state to you emphatically that the delegate from the Alameda County Central Labor Council received no such instructions, as a vote of the delegates of the Alameda County Labor Council would perhaps show an almost unanimous endorsement for Samuel Gompers for president of the American Federation of Labor. I do not know where you got this matter, but if you took it from some issue of the daily press, I think it would have been the part of wisdom on your part to have verified such a publication before using it in an editorial and as an authoritative one.

I ask that you give this letter the same publicity that you have seen fit to give the article in question.

Fraternally yours,

WM. A. SPOONER,

Secretary.

MEMBERSHIP INCREASING.

The membership of Carpenters' Union No. 483 is increasing rapidly. At the last meeting of this union fourteen candidates were admitted on clearance cards and five candidates were initiated. The union indorsed the candidacy of Charles A. Sweigert for District Attorney.

ORDER YOUR HOLIDAY

Suit and Overcoat

Now! Don't wait until the Last Week

Popular Prices, \$30 to \$50

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"AMERICA'S SWEETHEART"

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FIRST IN THE HEARTS OF TRUE UNION MEN

Factory: Fourth and Mission Sts., San Francisco

WHEN THE CALL FOR MEN IS URGENT. By the Rev. Charles Stelzle.

There are certain fallacies which most of us have come to accept as gospel truth. We are told that "one should always look on the bright side of things."

But many things in this world have no bright side. What about the horrors of child labor, of disease and suffering due to ignorance and sin?

"All things are for the best," we are told. This is repeated as though it were a text of Scripture. There is no such sentiment in the Bible. True enough, there is a teaching that when one is following out the purposes of God in his life, then all things are for the best; but many things are not for the best—they are hideously bad.

"Truth is mighty, and will prevail"—this has been said with the assurance that every man who preaches the truth is sure to win out. It is true that the truth is mighty, and that it will prevail, but not necessarily here and now, nor in every individual's case. Truth did not prevail in Judea, in Assyria, in Greece, in Rome. All these nations went down to their ruin because they neglected the truth. Truth will prevail, but not always the exponent of truth. He may be called upon to suffer.

What does all this mean? Just this—it means that when there is no bright side to some things, when many things are not for the best, when to preach the truth means suffering, there is a call for men—men with red blood and strong hearts—men who are willing to work and to fight for the right, who will be willing to help destroy those

things which are not for the best, so that the world may finally be brighter for every man, woman and child.

The present war is challenging men as never before. We are sure that we are right and that ultimately we must win. But we shall win only as men are willing to give themselves—and all that they possess.

TELEPHONE OPERATORS ORGANIZE.

Local telephone operators will organize into a union at a meeting tonight at headquarters of the Pacific Coast District Council of Electrical Workers. The operators will select delegates to represent them at the convention here next week of representatives of electrical workers and operators of the entire Pacific Coast, when a wage scale and working agreement will be negotiated with the Pacific Telephone and Telegraph Company in line with the recommendations of the United States Mediation Commission.

DEATHS.

The following members of San Francisco unions died last week: Albert Michau of the teamsters, Herman Wodrich of the brewery workers, John Collins of the bakers, George W. Dodsworth of the stationary engineers, Franz Frank of the marine firemen, Nicholas Mattes of the brewery workers, Frank Wilson of the riggers and stevedores, William E. Wolff of the varnishers and polishers.

Patronize those who patronize you is a good rule to follow.

CHARTERS ARRIVE.

Charters for the recently organized Warehousemen's Union and the Film Exchange Workers' Union were received this week from the American Federation of Labor. The charters will be presented to the respective organizations shortly by Organizer John O. Walsh.

ATTENTION Trade Unionists

In patronizing theatres in the Mission, union men and women should bear in mind that THERE IS ONLY ONE HOUSE IN THE MISSION STEADILY EMPLOYING UNION MUSICIANS. With the exception of the WIGWAM THEATRE, no theatre in the Mission gives steady employment to Union Musicians. We would urge all union men and women in the Mission to PATRONIZE ONLY SUCH THEATRES AS EMPLOY UNION MUSICIANS AT ALL TIMES.

MUSICIANS' UNION.

Local No. 6

A. F. of M.



Shirts
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Dress and Work Gloves



Neckwear Suspenders Garters Armbands



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A label on his traveling bag; and on his working clothes;
There's a label on his patent shoes; a label on his ties;
A label on his coat and pants; on every suit he buys;
Cigars he smokes are union-made; a label in his hat;
And when it comes to underwear, you'll find there's one on that;
His barber shop's a union house; his bakery goods are fair;
And when he orders printed cards, the label's always there;
There's a label on his household goods; the graniteware and rugs;
The neighbors claim this union man is simply label bugs;
Perhaps he is, but he's a gem—consistent all the while—
For "Union Goods for Union Wage" help our whole rank and file.
—"Retail Clerks' Advocate."

Ask for the Clerk's Union Card Everywhere

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LOS ANGELES

SAN FRANCISCO

SACRAMENTO

WOMEN IN INDUSTRY. (Council of National Defense.)

At the last executive meeting of the Committee on Women in Industry, held in Washington, D. C., the following standards were urged for war work done for the Government, such as the manufacture of ammunition and munition, of soldiers' uniforms and all camp equipment. This committee urges these standards for Government contracts in order that women may be protected whenever, in the present emergency, it is found essential to secure the largest output in the shortest time. They have in mind constantly the health and welfare of the women workers-especially the unorganized workers who have not the power of organized labor. These recom-mendations are not theoretical. They are based on the best industrial experience and practice now being followed in many sections of the United States. We cannot, in this time of war, afford to ignore the industrial standards that have grown out of long experience, both in this and other countries. This war will test, as nothing ever has before, the nation's strength. These standards are published to awaken the people to prevent unjust profiteering at the cost of women and children.

- 1. No Government work shall be done in a room which is used for living purposes or in any room having direct connection therewith in any dwelling or tenement.
- 2. No child under the age of 16 years shall be employed on Government work.
- 3. No woman shall be employed during a period of two months prior, or two months subsequent to childbirth.
- 4. Wages will be determined as follows:
- The wages shall be the rate established under the latest collective agreements for the locality, for every industry and occupation in which such agreements exist.
- (b) Whenever there are no collective agreements, the minimum wages paid shall be based on the cost of living for the locality and shall be subject to increase as the cost of living increases.
- (c) Whenever women are employed for work customarily done by men they shall be paid the same rates as are paid the men. If the processes are not identical, an adjustment of wages shall be made according to the skill and output of the workers. But in no case shall the wage scale for any department or process be reduced for the reason that women are replacing men.
- (d) A wage adjustment committee shall, when necessary, determine rates of pay as above specified, and shall adjust wages from time to time as rendered necessary by any increase in the cost of living, and shall act in all disputes concerning wages. On every adjustment committee there shall be at least one representative of wages earning women.
- 5. Adequate steps shall be taken to safeguard all employees from fatigue and overstrain, and to this end-
- (a) Each employee shall have one day's rest in seven.
- (b) The working day shall not exceed eight hours.
- (c) Where work is carried on both day and night, women shall be employed only on two shifts and they shall be allowed a period of rest at night of at least 8 hours. No woman shall be employed continuously for more than four hours without time off for a meal. The meal time shall

not be less than 30 minutes and a relief of at least 10 minutes each, shall be allowed in the middle of each working period.

- 6. Whenever the nature of the work allows, seats with backs shall be provided and their use permitted. Wherever women must stand at their work, seats readily accessible shall be provided and time shall be allowed for their use at stated intervals.
- 7. The employment of women at extra heavy and extra hazardous occupations shall be restricted and safeguarded. Preference shall be given to older men, not subject to military serv-
- 8. No woman shall be employed in any dangerous trades except under the regulations of the Divisional Committee on Industrial Diseases and Poisons, of the National Committee on Labor, and she shall not be so employed until medical examination shall have established her fitness for the intended occupation and similar medical examination shall be made at stated intervals to determine her fitness to continue such employment.
- 9. No woman shall be required to lift repeatedly any heavier weight than 25 pounds, and no woman shall be employed for lifting heavy weights or pushing heavy trucks without medical examination to ascertain her fitness for such work.
- 10. No woman shall be employed where there is excessive heat or cold without medical examination to certify her physical fitness to endure such exposures and re-examination at stated intervals to determine her fitness to continue such

The Women in Industry Committee will further include in its standards such recommendations affecting women as structural safety, fire prevention, dust and fumes, sanitation, lighting and industrial diseases and poisons.

VESSEL OWNERS SCORED.

At the American Federation of Labor Convention, Andrew Furuseth, president of the International Seamen's Union, charged the Lake Carriers' Association, which operates vessels on the great lakes, with halting the nation's shipping program because of a refusal to accept plans agreed to between the seamen and vessel owners on the Atlantic coast.

The Buffalo "Evening News" makes this editorial comment on Furuseth's charge:

'With the seamen ready to fall in with the arrangement and the ocean carriers willing to give and take in order that the United States may not merely do its bit, but its best in this matter of imperative need of all the shipping that can be rendered serviceable, it certainly reflects upon the patriotism of the lake carriers."

FIREMEN GET WAGE RAISE.

Through the efforts of Business Agent Foley of the Stationary Firemen's Union, the firemen and oilers employed at the Palace and Fairmont Hotels have secured an increase of twenty-five cents per day in wages. None but members of the union are employed in the engine rooms of these hotels.

Don't let so-called "independence" prevent you from being unselfish. We are all dependent on some one or some thing. "No man stands alone." Get close together.

Jorensen Co.

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DON'T PATRON

THE PRODUCTS OF THE NATIONAL BISCUIT COMPANY

THEY ARE UNFAIR TO ORGANIZED LABOR

BUT—Be sure to purchase the products of the following firms who are employing men and women affiliated with the Organized Trade Union Movement:

The Independent Cracker Co.
The American Biscuit Co.
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The California Biscuit Co.

By purchasing the products of these firms you are protecting UNION LABOR and HOME INDUSTRY.

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SECURE AND PROFITABLE

The wise man keeps part of his money in a reliable savings bank. If you are making money now why not put aside something for a rainy day?

Humboldt Savings Bank

Savings and Commercial Depts. 783 Market St., near Fourth, San Francisco



ingle Subscriptions....\$1.00 a year o unions subscribing for their ntire membership, \$0 cents a year or each subscription.

Single copies, 5 cents

Changes of address or additions to union's mail lists must come through the secretary of each organization. Members are notified that this is obligatory.

JAMES W. MULLEN.....

Telephone Market 56 Office, S. F. Labor Temple, 2940 Sixte

FRIDAY, DECEMBER 7, 1917.

Men at some time are masters of their fates; The fault, dear Brutus, is not in our stars, But in ourselves, that we are underlings.

-Shakespeare.

The promptness with which the jury in the Weinberg case returned its verdict of acquittal clearly indicates that it would be a waste of the people's money to try him on another of the indictments returned against him in the preparedness parade bomb explosion matter. He should be released at once, as there seems to be no evidence whatever against him.

The trade union movement aims to make life something more than drudgery for the workers. It is endeavoring to surround families with conditions that hold out the hope that each succeeding generation shall be a round higher on the ladder of intelligence and civilization than its predecessor. It is a progressive institution fighting for the progress of mankind, and the fight will never cease until justice shall have been ushered in and firmly established in the industrial

The American Federation of Labor at its Buffalo Convention refused to indorse the National Labor Defense Council, started about a year ago by a group of men outside the labor movement. Anton Johansen appeared before the San Francisco Labor Council some time ago and requested its indorsement. The matter was referred to the law and legislative committee and a report was returned recommending that the organization be not indorsed, and the Council approved the recommendation. The action of the American Federation of Labor indicates the wisdom of the local action.

Last week's issue of the "Alameda County Tri-City Labor Review" carried an editorial apology for the lack of labor news in its columns and attributed this condition of affairs to lack of space owing to the large amount of holiday advertising and the extensive report on the Weinberg trial. Immediately following this apology were those stories in boiler plate: "The White Plague," "Food for the Aged," "Washing the Hands," "Jackals and Crocodile Eggs," "Fight Off Worry," "Made Malta a Garden," "The Earth and Man Compared," "Power of Eloquence,"
"The Road to Thrones." These very interesting and instructive stories occupied thirty-three and a quarter inches of space, yet there was no room for labor news. Surely the editor of this sheet believes the readers of the publication to be fools else he would not attempt such raw deception.

A Time for Caution

Every labor organization should be guided and governed from within its own ranks. Advice may sometimes be accepted from the outside when given in open honesty, but the insidious conduct of those who have axes to grind should be carefully guarded against at all times, and at this particular time there is need of caution on the part of the labor organizations of this city, because there are forces at work that bode no good to the trade union movement. Sly, treacherous, deceitful schemes are constantly being concocted and put forth by persons not even remotely connected with organized labor calculated to bring the movement under the influence and control of outsiders. And strange as it may seem, there are those within the fold who willingly endeavor to carry out the dictates of their secret outside masters. As an illustration of some of the things that are being done we may call attention to the fact that recently one of the outside would-be masters caused a resolution to be prepared in his office which would help him in his business. The resolution was then handed to an insider with instructions to introduce it and have it favorably acted upon. The instructions were carried out to the letter. The innocent-appearing resolution, the product of two fairly efficient heads not connected with the organization, was introduced and passed, and to this day many of those who voted for it are ignorant of its real purpose.

These parties are solely responsible for nearly all the disputes and factional fights that have disturbed the Council for the past year. They first started the fight against preparedness, and were responsible for the resolution that split the Council in twain

over that subject.

Elated with their success in placing the Labor Council on record against preparedness, these same men dictated and had introduced in the Council the resolutions on the bomb cases.

Still not satisfied, this group of outsiders then determined to have the president of the Labor Council ousted from office, which they succeeded in doing.

Their next move will be to have all offices of the Labor Council filled by their own

representatives, and they are even now laying their plans to accomplish their purpose at the annual election of officers next month.

While these men are masquerading as friends of labor, at the same time they are hobnobbing with members of the law and order committee of the Chamber of Commerce, and it is quite apparent that their real motive is to discredit and disrupt the labor movement of San Francisco.

To accomplish their ends, these outsiders have wormed their way into the good graces of the radical element in the labor movement and are using the radicals to destroy the labor unions of this city. They have poisoned the minds of the radicals

against the legitimate labor movement, its officers and everybody connected with it.

One of the persons largely responsible for this conspiracy is a prominent man who years ago openly fought the labor movement. A few years ago, apparently he had a change of heart and professed to be most friendly to organized labor. Then, through the columns of his paper, he began to espouse the cause of the Industrial Workers of the World, the Syndicalists and all other organizations that are opposed to the American Federation of Labor and its affiliated organizations. He gave comfort and encouragement to these organizations in their attempt to disrupt the legitimate labor movement, and at the same time was fraternizing with the members of the law and order committee of the Chamber of Commerce, while still professing to be friendly to the organized labor movement.

It is significant that this man has never once through the columns of his paper espoused a single legitimate labor fight in San Francisco, although he has taken up the cudgels in defense of the Industrial Workers of the World in distant parts of the country; has attempted to make a martyr of every paroled or time-expired convict brought to justice, and has secretly encouraged the radicals in their attempts to rule or ruin the labor movement.

If the radicals really have the interest of the labor movement at heart, they will shun these outsiders, whose innocent dupes they have been, and will join hands with the tried and true trade unionists in an effort to build up and improve the Labor Council and its affiliated unions.

The labor movement is a thing too precious to be wrecked upon the rocks strewn before it by self-seeking intriguers. There have been expended in building it up too much thought, too much toil, too much patience and too much hope, to say nothing of the unbounded possibilities it holds out before the toiling millions for the future. It is an institution the preservation of which is well worth the best efforts and most loyal devotion of the men and women who earn their bread in the sweat of their brows. And while it is not at all likely these designing persons will succeed in destroying the movement, it is possible, and even probable, they may be able to seriously handicap it in doing its work if they are not checked in the course they are at present pursuing.

There is but one way to frustrate such schemes and that is through the membership taking an active, intelligent and persistent part in the deliberations of their organizations and thus keeping in touch with the trend of events. There are too many members who from one end of the year to the other never know anything about their organizations except what they learn from second-hand sources. Surely every member ought to be able to spare a little time now and then in attending neetings and safeguarding his own interests. Get acquainted with what your organization is doing and take part in its deliberations and then there will be less chance of anyone making use of it. Eternal vigilance is not only the price of liberty, but also the price of

FLUCTUATING SENTIMENTS

Those who know Russia and love democracy all urge the balance of the world to have patience with her and that things will turn out right in the end. Perhaps they are correct, and we hope they are, but we lack their confidence. The dethroned Czar and his lieutenants are not yet dead, and so long as they live there is danger of a reaction in the "land of the bear."

"Among the many absurd and vicious rumors put into circulation these days, probably through pro-German influences, is one that the United States proposes to confiscate money on deposit in banks. The absurdity of the statement is obvious on its face. These rumors are wholly without foundation and probably circulated for an evil purpose. The Government has no power to confiscate the money of depositors in banks."—From statement of Secretary McAdoo.

Surely the man who renders no service to society can claim no consideration from society. The man who reaps profits from money he never earned is in this class. He is a parasite, no matter where his money came from, and deserves to be treated as such. The Creator never intended that any human being should go through life without labor, and the man who violates this law of life is penalized by nature and ought also to be punished by society.

The "Labor Clarion" not only publishes labor news forty-eight hours earlier than any other paper in San Francisco, but it publishes the exact facts without any coloring whatever. The daily papers, particularly in the evening field, misstate the facts in order to make them conform with the policies they are pursuing. It is plain, therefore, that those who want the truth concerning the labor movement and its activities must get it through the official journal of the San Francisco Labor Council—The "Labor Clarion."

A fanatic is never reasonable, never forbearing with others and always most voluble in expressing his own opinions. So with the reds—they are always prating about the denial of free speech and insisting upon others being indulgent while they are talking, but as listeners they are failures and totally destitute of toleration. They may believe in free speech and toleration and liberty, but they certainly do not practice these cardinal virtues. They are among the most unreasonable, the most vindictive, the most unmerciful in their treatment of those who oppose them. There are a few exceptions to this rule, but only enough to prove the rule.

Announcement is made that about 4000 women are now working for the Pennsylvania railroad. In five months the number increased from 1494 to 3730. Each day sees more on the company pay roll. Women are finding places in all departments of the service. They are now working in 52 different capacities, many of them very responsible, as 500 are telegraph and telephone operators. In all such announcements the information is carefully withheld by the employers as to whether the women are receiving the pay of the men whose jobs they are filling, but in most instances the information is given that the women are filling the "places of the men called to the colors."

WIT AT RANDOM

A practical joker called up the telephone operator and said: "Hello, Central, give me Heaven," but that isn't what she gave him.—Youngstown "Telegram."

An Atlanta lawyer tells of a newly-qualified judge in one of the towns of the South who was trying one of his first criminal cases. The prisoner was an old negro charged with robbing a hen-coop. He had been in court before on a similar charge and was then acquitted.

"Well, Henry," observed the judge, "I see you're in trouble again."

"Yessuh," replied the negro. "De las' time, Jedge, you rec'lect, you was mah lawyuh."

"Where is your lawyer this time?"

"I ain't got no lawyer dis time," said Henry. "Ah's gwine to tell de troof."—"Oregon Journal."

"Mamma," said little Jack, who was feeling bad after dinner, "I guess I've got the chicken pox."
"Why, where could you have gotten it," queried the mother.

"I think I ate too much chicken," explained the little fellow.

"Animals," said the teacher, "frequently become attached to people, but plants never do."
"How about burrs, teacher?" queried the small boy at the foot of the class.

The latest example of English as she is spoken comes from Egypt, where a native interpreter, who had overstayed his leave, wrote the following letter to his chief:

"My absence is impossible. Some one has removed my wife. My God, I am annoyed."—
"New York Sun."

Always lookin' forward to an easy-goin' time, When the world seems movin' careless like a bit of idle rime;

A day when there is nothin' that kin make you sigh or fret;

Always lookin' forward—but I haven't seen it yet. —"Washington Star."

The enterprising company in the Sudan had decided to lay a railway into the wilds, and, of course, many blacks were employed in its construction.

One day the telegraph clerk at the nearest civilized spot received a telegram from the negro foreman of the railway constructors.

"White boss dead. Shall I bury him?"

"Yes," wired back the clerk. "But first make sure that he is quite dead. Will send another white boss tomorrow."

A few hours later another telegram came from the foreman:

"Buried boss. Made sure he was quite dead. Hit him on the head with a large shovel."—"Irish World."

She hates to wear
Her skirts so high,
Just like I hate
My good right eye.
"Memphis Commercial Appeal."

She wears her skirts so high To please your good right eye, The zebra stripes and colors gay Are also part of her display.

MISCELLANEOUS

THE BONUS.
Thomas H. West.

He worked like blazes all the year,
Made overtime galore.
Each month his pay was sixty plunks—
And not a penny more.
The last week of the year came 'round,
He got an awful thrill,
When with his check he found enclosed
A new ten-dollar bill.

His heart was filled with gladness,
As he gazed upon the ten;
They told him 'twas a bonus,
And he softly said, Amen!
Of all the extra hours he worked
He never gave a thought;
He seemed like one in paradise,
Such happiness it brought.

This bonus proposition
Is a very crafty way
To discourage agitation
For a real increase of pay.
Too many fall for it just like
A fish does for a worm,
Then boast of how they're working
For a philanthropic (?) firm.

HOPEFUL VIEW OF FUTURE.

The Kansas City, Mo., Star, in dealing with strikes and labor controversies, takes the following hopeful view:

"Since the United States declared war about 300 strikes or labor controversies that might have led to strikes have been settled by federal mediators of the Department of Labor. They involved directly 800,000 workingmen, and indirectly 300,000 more. Thus, in the short period of six months, 1,100,000 workingmen have had their claims adjusted to their own satisfaction without the loss and bitterness that always come from labor wars, and without a dollar's expense for the service rendered. Their employers have benefited no less.

"Mediation was not uniformly successful, but it failed in less than one-seventh of the cases handled. The federal board is keeping right on with the good work. Nearly every dispute that arises now is turned over to the federal troublefixers as a matter of course.

"It is appropriate that while we are fighting to make international warfare impossible hereafter, we should be putting our pacific ideals into effect for the avoidance of industrial warfare. Who will ever want to return to the old, violent, wasteful strike and lockout method?"

EARLY SATURDAY CLOSING.

With the idea of giving all their employees the benefit of a half holiday on Saturdays throughout the entire year, woolen and tailors' trimming jobbing concerns have consented to close their establishments at 1 o'clock on Saturdays. This practice has been customary during the summer months only during the past years, but, in line with the policy of progressive jobbing concerns throughout the country, the movement was extended to include all Saturday afternoons during the entire year. The early closing was made effective Saturday, December 1st, and the movement was fostered by the Detmer Woolen Company, jobbers and importers of woolens and tailors' trimmings.

Patronize those who patronize you is a good rule to follow. Those who advertise in the "Labor Clarion" patronize you. Deal with them and tell them why.



Musicians' Union Local No. 6

PUBLICITY COMMITTEE FOR THE UNION
Clarence H. King, chairman; Sigismund Bluman, W. Giacometti,
Wm. Backstedt, Alvin Giacomini.

Jim Cray Secretar,
J. J. Atkins. Business Representativ
Office Hours 12 to 2 p. m. Phone Oakland 2547.

Board Meeting, December 4, 1917.

President Weber, presiding.

Minutes of previous meeting read and approved. New member: Jos. Formosa, tuba and banjo. Transfer deposited: J. D. Downie, Jr., drums, restricted from Lodge and Rex cafes, Oakland.

Full members from transfer: A. Gordon Johnson, Arthur F. Swan, Mike Turner.

Resigned: Harriet H. Pasmore.

Our Celebration.

What was unanimously voted the greatest celebration ever held by this organization was ushered in on the morning of November 27th by a parade from headquarters to the City Hall. The parade was headed by a platoon of mounted police, immediately followed by the officers of the union and members of the committee having the affair in charge, in automobiles. Then followed the monster band of 225 members, at whose head in all his pride and glory marched Marshal Frank Hyman. No band, nearly as large or as good, has ever been turned out by this union on any occasion. Stephen J. Tully, bearing the beautiful banner of our country, headed our enlisted members, who marched in uniform. Following them the members of our union marched on foot. The line of march was down Market street to Van Ness avenue and thence to the City Hall.

The presentation exercises were held in the rotunda of the City Hall. Philip H. Sapiro, chairman of the presentation committee, in a few well-chosen words, introduced President Walter A. Weber, who, in a splendid manner, presented to Mayor James Rolph, Jr., a beautifully inscribed silver membership card. The Mayor responded in a manner which left no doubt in the mind of his hearers as to how he stood toward organized labor. Secretary Greenbaum presented a similar card of membership to Congressman Julius Kahn, who was visibly touched by the presentation of the card and replied in a most eloquent manner.

The members of the organization then escorted Mayor Rolph and Congressman Kahn to our headquarters at 68 Haight street, where the service flag was dedicated in front of our building. The exercises at the union were presided over by Chairman August L. Fourtner of the Service Flag Committee, in a most able manner, his opening remarks calling for much favorable comment. Mayor Rolph and Congressman Kahn both made stirring patriotic addresses.

After the dedication had taken place the members were served with enchiladas, sandwiches, beer and soft drinks and cigars. All voted the day a most enjoyable one and one that will live long in the memories of those who had the good fortune to attend.

The committees having this affair in charge were: Honorary membership committee, Philip H. Sapiro (chairman), C. H. King, J. W. Campbell, Albert A. Greenbaum, J. G. Dewey, E. G. Williams; Service Flag committee, August L. Fourtner (chairman), Harry C. Payson, Frank Hyman.

The Flag of our Country was proudly borne by Stephen J. Tully, who feels that the following record fully entitled him to be accorded that high honor: Arrived in America after a service of almost eight years in the British army, preceded by five years in a military school in Dublin, Ireland. Enlisted in the 14th U. S. Infantry

in 1878, and was honorably discharged after five years' service, sixteen months of which were spent in the Ute Indian campaign at White River, Colorado. Enlisted in the U. S. Navy June, 1885, and at his own request was honorably discharged December 27, 1886. Joined Local No. 6, March 24, 1887, and has been a member in good standing continuously since then.

DUES, FOURTH QUARTER.

DUES FOURTH QUARTER, \$2.25, TO DECEMBER 31, 1917, ARE NOW DUE AND PAYABLE TO CLARENCE H. KING, FINANCIAL SECRETARY-TREASURER. MEMBERS FINED FOR FUNERAL AND PICNIC TICKETS WILL ALSO PLEASE SETTLE.

Election.

Oakland, December 19th. San Francisco, December 20th.

The election of all elective officers and delegates shall be held annually at the headquarters in the City and County of San Francisco on the third Thursday in December, and at the headquarters in the City of Oakland, on Wednesday, the day before. Members may vote either in San Francisco or Oakland, to suit their own convenience.

The election shall be conducted according to the Australian Ballot System and such amendments as may be adopted from time to time to suit local conditions.

Polls shall be open in San Francisco from 11 a. m. to 8 p. m., and in Oakland from 3 p. m. to 8 p. m.

Annual Union Election-December 19th-20th.

The following comprise the nomination petitions that have been filed with this office:

President—J. J. Matheson, Walter A. Weber. Vice-President—Arthur S. Morey. Recording Secretary—Albert A. Greenbaum. Financial Secretary-Treasurer—C. H. King.

Board of Directors—W. A. Belard, C. H. Cassasa, James G. Dewey, Alex. Dijeau, Josephine M. Fernald, M. Fogel, E. B. (Jack) Hibbard, George W. C. Kittler, W. F. Koch, Geo. Lerond, J. H. Meyer, Frank O'Connell, John O'Malley, Harold Overbeck, Junius Perluss, George Price, Joe Sinai, B. Spiller, Jos. W. Walker, Fred Zeh.

Sergeant-at-Arms-A. S. Less.

Delegates to A. F. of M. Convention—Alex. Dijeau, August J. Fourtner, Albert A. Greenbaum, George W. C. Kittler, J. J. Matheson, Harry Menke, Arthur S. Morey, Walter A. Weber.

Delegates to California State Federation of Labor—James G. Dewey, August L. Fourtner, W. C. Kittler, Geo. W. Lerond, A. S. Less, J. J. Matheson, Harry Menke.

Delegates to S. F. Labor Council—C. H. Cassasa, Alex. Dijeau, John D. Hynes, W. C. Kittler, A. S. Less, Gus Selo, J. W. Spencer.

Delegates to Alameda County Labor Council— J. H. Cray, John O'Malley, George Schultz, J. D. Scott, J. J. Van Hovenberg.

Board of Relief—W. A. Belard, Frank Borgel, M. Fogel, C. H. King, George W. C. Kittler.

Price List Changes.

The purpose of this summary of changes in the new Price List, which will be effective during the year 1918, is to give contractors and leaders such advance information as will enable them to notify the employer in due time as to those changes which will affect them, not only as regards prices but also as regards general working conditions. The union meeting which finally adopted the Price List decided, as has been the general custom, that it would be the duty of the leader or contractor to notify the employer of any changes. It should be clearly understood, therefore, that the leader or contractor MUST officially notify the party or parties with whom he contracts.

The first change we find in the preamble and affects engagements out of the jurisdiction. These are not to be taken for less than \$6.00 per man, in addition to which the usual leader money applies, and also transportation, meals, etc. Section 6 of the Preamble is changed to read that "any orchestra consisting of more than 4 men must be composed of not less than 2 string, reed or wood wind instruments. Piano, organ and accordion to be considered string or reed instruments."

A new note is as follows: "On any and all engagements in Marin County, men coming from San Francisco must be furnished transportation in addition to regular price." Section 16 of the Preamble provides that on all steady theatre engagements members required to wear tuxedo, full dress or any uniform must receive \$2.50 per week extra, excepting that on opening performance of engagement they may be worn without extra charge. The final section of the Preamble provides for a two weeks' notice on all steady engagements instead of one week as formerly. This change to conform to Federation law, to the practice of almost every local in the Federation and to the general practice of the theatrical business.

The only change in the classification of theatres is that all outside district picture houses, including those located in Alameda and Berkeley and those houses with seating capacities of 500 or less or where the admission is less than 10 cents, are left to the discretion of the Board of Directors.

As regards theatre engagements, with the exception of prices for grand opera, ballet and classic dancing, a uniform price of \$25.00 for 7 performances is made and \$2.50 extra for each additional performance; 6 or 7 matinees per week, \$15.00. This eliminates the price of \$35.00 per week for 14 performances. The hours of playing in motion picture houses and in vaudeville houses where motion pictures are presented are limited to six and one-half, four at night and two and one-half in the afternoon. A member who desires to lay off for the purpose of rest or recreation and not to play any other engagement may pay his substitute pro rata but the amount not to be less than \$2.50. Rest pictures, according to the number of reels run, are provided for in vaudeville and picture houses, and where shows are run on the continuous plan, one hour intermission must be taken for supper. The price for short shifts is raised to \$22.50 per week, and pipe organist who plays alone must receive \$10.00 more per week than one man's

Where a theatre does not employ musicians

regularly the price has been fixed at \$50.00 for a week of 7 performances and leader \$20.00 extra, each additional performance, \$5.00 extra.

The price for leaders in so-called continuous and motion picture houses is \$40.00 for 7 performances, \$2.50 extra for each additional performance; 6 or 7 matinees per week, \$15.00.

Leaders in all other theatres (excepting grand opera, ballet and classic dancing) \$45.00 for 7 performances; \$2.50 for each additional performance; 6 or 7 matinees per week, \$15.00.

There is no change in cafe or cafeteria engagements ending by 8 p. m. On engagements lasting after 8 p. m. there are a number of changes, and as this section has always been rather complicated, leaders or contractors should get in line with the office at once. There is an increase in price in Beach resorts and second-class cafes and cabarets, and here again it would be well to consult the office.

Dancing engagements have been raised to \$5.00 for any four hours before 12 o'clock midnight, where the usual 4-minute intermission is taken. If three or more dances are given per week by the same individual, \$4.50 per man, and for week of 7 performances, \$30.00 per man. For continuous dancing, any four hours, once per week, \$6.00 per man; 4 or more per week, \$5.00.

These comprise the most important changes. The books for the coming year will be ready on or about December 24th, and in the meantime the secretary will be glad to give any information.

Wanted—Trombone and Cornet for United States Army Hospital Service connected with Fort Mason. Good proposition. If you are interested call at secretary's office.

Carlo Tenca takes this means of informing his friends that he has been ill for a number of weeks and has undergone a serious operation at the San Francisco Hospital, where he is still confined. He hopes, however, to be able to accept professional engagements again within a month's time.

The regular monthly meeting of the union will be held on Thursday, December 13th, at 1 p. m. This is the annual meeting of the organization, at which time officers will be selected for the conducting of the annual election which takes place on December 19th in Oakland and December 20th on this side of the bay. A number of amendments to the constitution, which were laid over from the last meeting, will come up for final consideration. An appeal by Theodore Marc from a decision of the board of directors will also be heard. It is hoped that there will be a large attendance at this meeting.

The secretary would ask all members not receiving the "Labor Clarion" or the "International Musician" to immediately notify him. There are always extra copies of both papers to be had in the office for the asking.

Charley Lamp is the proud father of a sevenand-a-half-pound boy.

Members, please take note of the following changes of address:

Addimando, C., 3829 Twenty-fourth street. Tel. Mission 7869.

Allen, E. Paul, Ventura Hotel, 1035 Mission St. Tel. Market 3920.

Amsterdam, Max B., Jr., Empire Court Apts. Tel. Franklin 5041.

Baglini, J. Tel. Piedmont 4879-W.

Benkman, S., 5951 Shafter avenue, Oakland. Tel. Piedmont 6756-W.

Becker, J. S. Tel. Piedmont 7947-J.

Buechner, Edward, 601 Forty-second street, Oakland. Tel. Piedmont 6136-J.

Faulkner, A. L., Cadillac Hotel, 380 Eddy street. Tel. Franklin 3840. Federici, Paris, 935 Columbus avenue. Tel. Franklin 9311.

Franks, Charles, Del Monte Hotel, Del Monte, Cal.

Fuessell, R. M., Garfield Hotel, 354 O'Farrell street. Tel. Prospect 260.

Gage, Edw., 1812 Market street, Oakland. Kennedy, C. W. Tel. Pacific 7458.

Lax, John F., 909 Franklin.

Lewin, Gus, Visalia, Cal.

Marino, Pete. Tel. Garfield 694.

Pinnella, Manuel, Empire Hotel.

Seltenrich, J. H., care of Elks' Lodge, San Pedro. Shaw, Robert A., Ford Apts., Mission street. Tel. Sutter 2882.

Smith, Charles D., 521 N. San Joaquin street, Stockton, Cal.

Swesey, W. A., Business Phone, Sutter 6300, Local 280.

Walker, Geo., 539 Pacific street.

Westcott, Louise C., 557 Twenty-fourth street, Oakland. Tel. Oakland 4740. FOOD 29 PER CENT HIGHER.

General food prices in the country advanced 2 per cent from August to September of this year, according to an announcement of the bureau of labor statistics. Of the twenty-seven staple articles of diet, on which the compilations are based, seventeen increased and three remained stationary. Pork chops advanced 13 per cent, eggs 4 per cent, and corn meal 24 per cent. From September, 1916, to September this year food prices as a whole increased 29 per cent.

MEAT PACKERS ON STRIKE.

Union employees in three meat packing plants in Seattle and in the retail markets controlled by them went on strike Wednesday to enforce demands for recognition of the union and a uniform working contract. The strike is said to result from the failure to reach a settlement in the Carstens packing plant in Tacoma. About 1000 men are out.

Patronize "Labor Clarion" advertisers.

VOTE AND KEEP CHARLES M. FICKERT

District Attorney

The issue is a clean-cut one as Roosevelt and Judge Dunne and the Appellate Court and many great citizens and civic organizations have stated

AMERICANISM vs. ANARCHY VOTE DECEMBER 18

BUY ALL OF YOUR GIFTS

AT THE NEW PRAGERS
THE TRANSFORMED XMAS STORE

Our new management concentrated every effort to make this Christmas season the biggest for this store. Buyers have been searching the Eastern markets for months, and gifts of every description have been rushed here by fast express. Now this happy Christmas store is ready with gift things for men, women and children.

Toys! Toys! A "Garden of Toys"

A real forest toyland, using 20,000 square feet of space on our new third floor. Needed space, too, for there is a wonderful stock of wheel goods, dolls, games, books—every toy for the girl and the boy.

The New Prager Department Store-

Corner Market and Jones

"Our Location Saves You Money"

gates seated.

San Francisco Labor Council

Synopsis of the Minutes of the Regular Meeting Held November 30, 1917.

Meeting called to order at 8:15 p. m., by Vice-President Haggerty; Delegate Bonsor was appointed vice-president pro tem.

Reading Minutes-Minutes of the previous meeting approved as printed.

Credentials—Sailors, John Pearson, F. Bur-yeson, J. Faltus, O. A. Holmberg, A. M. Bjorckholm, vice E. A. Erickson, R. Ingwardsen, P. Scharrenberg, I. M. Holt, S. A. Silver. Cooks' Helpers-Otto Plumbeck, vice James O'Leary. Carpenters No. 483-Paul Lutz, Jacob Jensen, vice D. Ryan, K. McLeod. Bindery Women and Bookbinders-Thomas Garrity, Robert Tilton, Bernard Hassler, Lorretta Kane, Maud Miller, Ella Wunderlich, Geraldine Scully. Dele-

Communications-Filed-From Janitors, stating that its demands had been granted by the moving picture houses and the theatres and thanking Council for its assistance. From the University of California Extension Division, acknowledging receipt of invitation from Prof. Howerth to address the Council on Decem-

Referred to Executive Committee-From the Grocery Clerks' Union, requesting assistance in adjusting grievance with the firm of Johnson Bros.

Referred to Organizing Committee-From the Gas Workers' Union No. 9840, relinquishing jurisdiction over Water Workers.

Referred to "Labor Clarion"—From Office Employees' Union, inclosing list of union stenographers and accountants. From Postal Clerks' Union, inclosing an article of appreciation relative to an audience with the Secretary of Labor

and requesting publication of same.

Reports of Unions—Electrical Workers—A fair settlement with help of Mediation Commission has been reached and the Operators have received from 50 cents to \$1.50 per week; requested all unionists to assist in unionizing all employees of the company.

Executive Committee - Recommended endorsement of the wage scale and agreement of the Bartenders' Union, subject to the endorsement of its international union. On the request of Blacksmiths and Helpers' Union for a boycott on the Betts Spring Company, as Mr. Betts is out of the city the matter was laid over for two weeks. Report concurred in.

Auditing Committee-Reported favorably on all bills and warrants were ordered drawn for

Special Order of Business-Moved that the office of President of the Council be declared vacant; point of order raised and chair declared the point of order well taken and ruled the motion out of order. Moved that Delegate Brouillet be reinstated in the council. On a rising vote the motion was declared lost, 71 in favor, 74 against. Several delegates stated that a visitor, not a delegate, had voted against the motion, and demanded a roll call. Moved to reconsider vote by roll call vote. Moved that no delegate be allowed to leave the hall during roll call: carried. Roll call vote taken on the motion to reconsider, 68 in favor, 85 against. Motion lost. Moved that the office of President be declared vacant; carried. Moved that the filling of the office of President be made a special order next Friday evening at 9 p. m.; carried. The chair, in response to a question, ruled that it would take a majority and not a two-thirds vote to refuse to seat the delegate.

Receipts-Total receipts, \$323.40. Expenses-

Adjourned at 11:05 p. m.

JOHN A. O'CONNELL, Secretary. P. S.-Members of affiliated unions are urged to demand the union label on all purchases.

TO ELECT OFFICERS.

The local Steam Laundry Workers' Union will elect officers on Monday, December 17th. All members who fail to vote will be fined 50 cents each. The candidates for office are: President, D. J. Gorman; vice-president, Nellie Victor, M. A. Peterson, Charles Keegan; secretary, Kathryn Deery; assistant secretary, Anna J. Brown; treasurer, Charles Childs; business agent, P. J. Kane, Charles Hawley, Joseph Adams; sergeant-at-arms, F. Flatley, J. O'Keefe, Clara Woodward; trustee, Daisy White; auditing committee, Minnie Heinrich, Harry Korts, Mrs. Mary Carson, John Grill, Ida Larson; law and legislative committee, D. J. Gorman, Kathryn Deery, Charles Childs, Mary Carson, D. Richards; delegates to Labor Council, Charles Linegar, Charles Childs, Charles Keegan, M. A. Peterson, Mary Carson, Kathryn Deery, Anna Brown, Ida Larson, Clara Woodward, Earl Young; executive board, Mary Vaughn, C. Linegar, K. Deery, H. Korts, N. Victor, E. Young, J. O'Keefe, D. White, M. Carson, I. Larson, M. Peterson.

At the last meeting of the union forty-five candidates were initiated.

COOKS TO ELECT OFFICERS.

Cooks' Union No. 44 will elect officers for the ensuing term on December 22nd. The candidates for office are: President, Emil G. Buehrer; vice-president, O. E. Henley; recording secretary, Charles F. T. Knapp, O. T. N. Ledith; secretary-treasurer, Alfred E. Steimer; business agent, Anton Balslow, James Rustan, Frank Molleda; trustees, J. C. Woodruff, Frank Rowan, Albert McGowan; outside guard, Michael P. Burke; executive committee, C. C. Haugaard, Jack Scwancke, Nick Devovich, Jose Benevidez, Robert Leitner; delegates to local joint executive board, E. G. Buehrer, A. E. Steimer, A. H. Dodge, Jose Benevidez, O. T. N. Ledwith, Nick Seput; delegates to San Francisco Labor Council, E. G. Buehrer, A. E. Steimer, A. H. Dodge, A. Balslow, James Rustan, Frank Molleda; delegates to Label Section, E. G. Buehrer, Albert McGowan.

BARBERS NOMINATE OFFICERS.

The local Barbers' Union will elect officers for the ensuing term on Monday, December 17th. The candidates are: President, Fred Smith, I. Less; vice-president, James Kotera, O. E. Freeman; corresponding and financial secretary, Roe H. Baker; recorder, J. V. Ducoing; treasurer, Daniel F. Tattenham; guide, J. Rausch; guardian, George Adrian; business agents, Stanley Roman, George W. Price; finance committee, Frank De Blois, R. Canete; delegates to Labor Council, G. Price, S. Roman, D. Tattenham, R. Baker, J. Kotera, R. Canete, F. Smith, F. De

ROLPH GRANTS LABORERS RAISE.

As the happy culmination of negotiations between James Rolph and the Laborers' Union of Eureka, which have been in progress for over one month, notices have been posted at the Rolph ship yards that beginning with December 1st the minimum wage of common laborers in the ship yards will be \$3.50 per day.

This is the second increase that has been granted by the Rolph Company to the laborers since last spring when the prevailing rate was \$2.50 per day. In July this was raised to \$3.00 per day and now comes another raise to \$3.50 per day.

Orpheum O'FARRELL STREET
Bet. Powell and Stockton
MATINEE EVERY DAY

Week Beginning THIS SUNDAY Afternoon

A NEW BILL OF HEADLINERS

HARRIET REMPEL in "Just Around the Corner"; WILLIE WESTON, America's Foremost Singer of Character Songs; WILLIAMS & WOLFUS in their Comedy Classic, "Hark, Hark," RALPH DUNBAR'S "TENNESSEE TEN," in Ethiopian Songs, Dances and Antics, introducing their Famous Jazz Band with its Dancing Director, U. S. Thompson (Slow Kid); MR. & MRS. MEL-BURNE in a Wide-Awake Episode "On the Fourth Floor"; GEORGE & DICK RATH in "A Study of Endurance"; "THE FOUR HUSBANDS," with Jack Boyle, Kitty Bryan and Company of Thirty; WINONA WINTER, introducing Her Latest Song Successes.

Evening Prices, 10c, 25c, 50c, 75c. Matinee Prices (Except Saturdays, Sundays and Holidays), 10c, 25c, 50c.
PHONE DOUGLAS 70.

El Primo

CIGARS

12½ cts., 10 cts., 5 cts.



SEE that the BAR-TENDER who waits on you wears one of these Buttons for the Current Month.

FURNITURE DRAPERIES

CARPETS

STOVES BEDDING

Easiest Terms

EASTERN OUTFITTING CO.

1017 Market Street, Above Sixth

We give and redeem American Trading Stamps.

Phone Market 5725

UNION STORE

BROWN & HENNEDY

FLORAL ARTISTS

Funeral Work a Specialty—Le

Union Hats THAT'S ALL

"YOU KNOW ME"



Industrial Accident Commission UNDERWOOD BUILDING

525 Market Street

SAN FRANCISCO

STRIKE DAMAGES AGAINST MINERS.

A federal jury at Fort Smith, Ark., has awarded \$200,000 to the Bache-Denman syndicate, which sued the United Mine Workers for alleged damages, charged that their properties had been injured to the extent of \$2,250,000 as the result of a strike in Sebastian county in 1914. Suit was started under the Sherman Anti-Trust act. Under this law the syndicate is entitled to three times the award. The strike was caused by the syndicate's attempt to establish non-unionism.

The decision, it is said, is the first time a judgment has been obtained against a labor union, and affects the funds of the United Mine Workers as an organization. This case differs from the Danbury hatters' case in that there the judgment was obtained against the individual members and not against the union as such.

Miners' officials announce they will carry the case to the United States Supreme Court, if necessary.

The miners charge that the verdict was influenced by Judge Elliott, who called the jury before him after they had been deadlocked and declared that conspiracy charges against the miners had been fully proven and that it had existed since 1898.

In a Philadelphia newspaper Louis W. Mc-Kernan, attorney for the Bache-Denman syndicate, which has been awarded damages against the United Mine Workers, in an Arkansas federal court, gave this naive description of a non-union shop:

"In the early part of 1914, on account of the cheaper cost of production on a non-union basis, the companies decided to operate on the open-shop basis, which means that all miners applying should be employed regardless of whether or not they are members of the union."

PEABODY IS DEAD.

"Let the dead past bury its dead" is the most courteous way, perhaps, for a labor paper to announce the death in this city Friday, November 23rd, of James Hamilton Peabody, governor of Colorado during the famous Cripple Creek strike in 1903. Since that time the word "Peabody" has been anathematized by labor in Colorado and elsewhere. There is no need, even if so disposed, to recite here the acts of Governor Peabody and the state militia at that time, when strikers were shot and men taken from their homes and deported from the state. During this period was written one of the blackest pages in Colorado's history. Martial law prevailed in nearly half the counties of the state.

Peabody was elected governor in 1902 and for two years kept the state in a riot of industrial upheaval, being determined to obliterate labor unions. In 1904 he was defeated for re-election by Alva Adams of Pueblo, who had a clear majority of 20,000 votes. Peabody refused to accept defeat, and his military satraps surrounded and besieged the state capitol while the legislature overturned the people's verdict and declared Peabody elected. Civil war was narrowly averted. A few hours later Peabody resigned as governor and was succeeded by Jesse F. McDonald, who had been declared by the legislature to have been elected lieutenant-governor.—Denver "Labor Bulletin."

JOHN R. LAWSON ELECTED.

John R. Lawson of the United Mine Workers has been elected president of the Colorado State Federation of Labor by a majority of 892 in a total vote cast of 10,048. His opponent was Albert Carpenter of Leadville, member of the Mine, Mill and Smelter Workers' Union. The official count of the tellers gave Lawson 5470 and Carpenter 4578.

WHAT IS UNIONISM?

A trade union is like a bank. If you expect to get anything out of it you must put something into it. No union can honor the drafts of a member on its support, its confidence and its moral backing unless that member gives to the union his support, his confidence and his moral backing. The union run on any other principle goes bankrupt. The blindness of many men to these elementary principles accounts for the weakness of many locals and for the indifference of many who are or have been nominally union men. These men want to reverse all the laws of nature and of business-to keep getting forever and to give never. They want the union to stand by them in their demands, to assist them in sickness and to defend them in difficulties, and when the union fails to do this they never stop to ask whether they are entitled, from what they have put into the union, to the help they ask at its hands. If you wish the maximum return on your investment in organized labor choose that investment wisely in all its parts. Give it your financial help-not grudgingly when your card is due, but gladly and generously when it must make a special appeal. Give it your moral support, always-not as though its officers were seeking to take an unfair advantage of their position, but freely and frankly, as fellow craftsmen. Give it your constant encouragment-not merely on the floor of the meeting room, but in the shop, theatre, and among non-union men. The poorest advertising organized labor gets is from its disaffected members. Give your union your presence and your counsel-not alone when the delegates to the convention are chosen or the little "plums" are awarded, but in the transaction of all its business.—Exchange.

WON FIVE-WEEK FIGHT.

After a hard-fought strike in New York City continuing for five weeks, the Window Cleaners' Protective Union No. 15156, American Federation of Labor succeeded in securing the signing of an agreement with the employers' organization, known as the Citizens' Benevolent Association. The terms of the contract call for a union shop, an eight-hour day, and an increase of \$3 per week all around.

It is estimated there are about 1200 men in the industry in the city, and by the settlement all become members of the union before the agreement was signed. The men are divided into two classes. Before the strike first-grade men received \$18 and second-grade \$16 per week. Under the new arrangement they will receive \$21 and \$19, respectively.

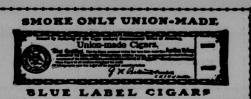
GIVEN WAGE INCREASE.

The boilermakers employed on the pipe line and stack work at Gary, Ind., will hereafter receive 72½ cents per hour; helpers, 62½ cents, and high boiler workers, 80 cents. The men are employed by Hegge & Son of Joliet. The same scale has also been agreed to by the United Boiler Works of Hammond. The Grover Tank Works of East Chicago refused to meet the new scale conditions and the 100 men employed by that firm are on strike.

TEAMSTERS ADVANCE.

Philadelphia Piano Movers', Chauffeurs' and Helpers' Union No. 493 has secured an agreement with the Cunningham Piano Company after two weeks' strike. Chauffeurs will be paid \$25 a men hereafter; helpers, \$22, and new men \$18.

At St. Louis the Yellow Motor Car Company has concluded that peace is more profitable than industrial warfare and has signed an agreement with the Chauffeurs' and Carriage Drivers' Union affiliated with the International Brotherhood of Teamsters.







JOURNEYMEN BARBERS Local 148

Headquarters:

Ask for the Union Shop Card in all barbershops in the down town district especially north of Market Street.

VOTE AGAINST PROHIBITION!



THIS IS OUR LABEL

PERSONAL LIBERTY

Ask for this Label when purchasing Beer, Ale or Porter,

As a guarantee that it



Long Nights
Require More Service From
Your Lamps

Have You a Lamp
IN RESERVE
to replace the old lamp
when necessary?

We Sell the Best
EDISON MAZDA

Pacific Gas and Electric Company

San Francisco District 445 Sutter Street

Telephone Sutter 140 Ask for Lamp Counter

Allied Printing Trades Council

Room 302, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp Streets, FERDINAND BARBRACK, Secretary. Telephone Park 7797.



DECEMBER, 1917

LIST OF UNION LABEL OFFICES

*Linotype Machines.
*Intertype Machines.
†Monotype Machines

126 Ashbury Heights Advance	
(126)	Ashbury Heights Advance1672 Haight
$\begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ 82 \end{pmatrix}$	Baumann Printing Co268 Market
(73)	*Belcher & Phillips
(7) (82) (73) (14) (196) (69)	Borgel & Downie718 Mission
(69)	Brower & Co., Marcus346 Sansome
(4)	Buckley & Curtin739 Market
(220) (176)	*California Press340 Sansome
(71) (87)	Canessa Printing Co708 Montgomery
(39)	*Collins, C. J3358 Twenty-second
(179)	*Donaldson Publishing Co568 Clay
(18)	Eagle Printing Company59 McAllister
(39) (42) (179) (18) (46) (54) (62) (146) (101) (203)	Elite Printing Co3459 Eighteenth
(62)	Eureka Press, Inc440 Sansome
(101)	Francis-Valentine Co
(203)	Gille Co
(75) (17) (190)	Golden State Printing Co42 Second
$\begin{pmatrix} 130 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}$	Guedet Printing Co344 Kearny
(27) (127)	*Halle R H
(20)	Hancock Bros
(158) (60)	*Hinton, W. M
(216)	Hughes Press
(168)	**Lanson & Lauray534 Jackson
(60) (216) (150) (168) (227) (108)	Levison Printing Co1203 Fillmore Levison Printing Co1540 California
(84)	Liberty Press
(84) (45) (135)	Lynch, J. T3388 Nineteenth
(23)	**Majestic Press
(95) (68)	*Martin Linotype Co215 Leidesdorff
(One)	**Moir Printing Company440 Sansome
(48) (24)	Monarch Printing Co
(96) (72) (80) (91)	McClinton, M. G. & Co445 Sacramento
(80)	McLean, A. A218 Ellis
(91) (208)	McNicoll, John R215 Leidesdorff *Neubarth & Co J. J25 Jessie
(32) (104)	Norton, Richard H
(81) (143)	*Pernau Publishing Co753 Market
(143)	*Progress Printing Co516 Mission Reuter Bros. 513 Valencia
(34)	Richmond Banner, The320 Sixth Ave.
(61)	Rincon Pub. Co
(66)	Roycroft Press
(145)	tS. F. Newspaper Union818 Mission
(58)	Roesch Co., Louis. Fifteenth and Mission Roycroft Press
(15)	Simplex System Co136 Pine
(125) (29)	*Shanley Co., The147-151 Minna Standard Printing Co. 324 Clay
(49)	
(63) (187)	*Telegraph Press
(31)	Tuley & St. John363 Clay
(52)	Turner & Dahnken942 Market United Presbyterian Press1074 Guerrero
(177) (138)	Wagner Printing Co
(35)	Wale Printing Co
(33)	West End Press2436 California
(36)	Western Printing Co82 Second
(106)	Wilcox & Co
(51) (76)	Wobbers. Inc
(112)	Wolff, Louis A64 Elgin Park

BOOKBINDERS AND PAPER RULERS.
(128) Barry, Edward & Co215 Leidesdorff
(191) Caldwell, Geo. P. & Co442 Sansome
(224) Foster & Futernick Company560 Mission
(225) Hogan Bindery Co343 Front
(231) Houle, A. L. Bindery Co509 Sansome
(221) Ingrisch, Louis L340 Sansome
(108) Levison Printing Co1540 California
(131) Malloye, Frank & Co251-253 Bush
(130) McIntyre, John B440 Sansome
(81) Pernau Publishing Co751 Market
(223) Rotermundt, Hugo L
(200) Slater, John A147-151 Minna
(195) Stumm, E. C
(182) Thumler & Rutherford117 Grant Ave.

CARTON AND LABEL MANUFACTURERS.

(161) Occidental Supply Co......589 Howard

GOLD STAMPERS AND EMBOSSERS. (232) Torbet, P......1114 Mission

LITHOGRAPHERS.

(234) Galloway Lithographing Co., Inc., The....
509-515 Howard
(26) Roesch Co., Louis.....Fifteenth and Mission

MAILERS.

(219) Rightway Mailing Agency.....880 Mission

NEWSPAPERS.

PRESSWORK.

RUBBER STAMPS.

(83) Samuel Printing Co...............16 Larkin

BADGES AND BUTTONS.

(3) Brunt, Walter N......880 Mission

TICKET PRINTERS.

PHOTO-ENGRAVERS.

(201) Bingley Photo-Engraving Co...573 Mission (97) Commercial Art Eng. Co.....53 Third (204) Commercial Photo & Engraving Co...563 Clay (202) Congdon, Harry R......311 Battery (209) Salter Bros......118 Columbus Ave. (199) Sierra Art and Engraving.......343 Front (207) Western Process Engraving Co...76 Second

STEREOTYPERS AND ELECTROTYPERS.

(212) Hoffschneider Bros......140 Second

We Don't Patronize List.

The concerns named below are on the "We Don't Patronize" list of the San Francisco Labor Council. Members of labor unions and sympathizers are requested to cut this out and post it.

American Tobacco Company. Butterick patterns and publications. Cahn, Nickelsburg & Co., boots and shoes. Godeau, Julius S., undertaker. Graff Construction Co., Richmond, Cal. Gunst, M. A., cigar stores. Jellison's Cafe, 10 Third. Kaiser, Fred, grocery store, 400 Clement. Levi Strauss & Co., garment makers. Liberty Theatre, Broadway and Stockton. National Biscuit Co. of Chicago, products. Ocean Shore Railroad. Pacific Box Factory. Pacific Oil & Lead Works, 155 Townsend. Pittsburg-Des Moines Steel Company. Regent Theatre, Fillmore and Sacramento.

Rosenblum & Abrahams, tailors, 1105 Market Schmidt Lithograph Co.

Southern Pacific Company.

St. Francis Theatre, Geary, near Powell. United Cigar Stores.

Western Pipe and Steel Company.

White Lunch Cafeteria.

H. Wissmann, Twenty-fourth avenue and Clement street, grocer.

Wyatt & Son, 1256 McAllister.

Typographical Topics

Tom Murray of the "Daily News" chapel drew his traveler during the week and departed for Seattle, not because he was in any way dissatisfied with San Francisco, but because he has an opportunity to make a trip around the world. Tom has a relative who follows the sea and who has recently received orders to go to a port in the Orient and bring back to the Atlantic service an interned German freighter. This relative has given Tom an opportunity to go along and he has concluded to do so. The voyage contemplates a trip across the Pacific to a Chinese port, where the interned freighter will be picked up. A cargo will be taken on at various Oriental ports; thence the return voyage via the China Sea to Singapore at the southern extremity of the Straits Settlement, through the Bay of Bengal, Arabian Sea, Red Sea to Port Said and the Suez Canal, through the Mediterranean and past Gibraltar and across the Atlantic to an American port. Murray expressed the hope before going away that this trip will expunge the "wanderlust" from his system and that when he returns he will be satisfied to settle down "somewhere in California."

Secretary Michelson has received a letter from Bud Brown of the "Chronicle," who is with the National Army at Camp Lewis, in which he says that rain has fallen every day for three weeks but that intensive training proceeds without interruption. Brown got a Sunday off and visited Tacoma, where he attended a meeting of the union and met several acquaintances, including Bert Janes, formerly of this city. Brown requested that he be sent an I. T. U. button, which he finds a very popular insignia at the camp. He has applied for transfer from the infantry service to the heavy artillery in the hope that he may be sent to Camp Fremont.

Sam Less, who joined the colors some time ago, was a visitor at headquarters during the week. He is stationed at Angel Island with the printing and surveying division of the Engineer Corps and says that he expects to be in France before the end of January. He promised to write something of interest for the readers of "Topics" when he gets "over there."

A recent letter from S. H. ("Pop") Jenner, Prescott, Ariz., reports that he is still suffering much from the injury to his shoulder received some time ago, but that otherwise he is as voung as ever.

T. W. McCullough, associate editor of the Omaha "Bee," and an active member of the I. T. U., having served that organization for many years as delegate to the American Federation of Labor, has been appointed by Secretary McAdoo as one of nine men from the business and economic world to act as excess profits advisers to the administration at Washington. His duties will require his presence in Washington for several months.

It is authoritatively reported that William R. Hearst recently sent a telegram to the local manager of the "Examiner" that the pressroom of that paper must be unionized without further delay.

The Photo Engravers who have been on strike in the offices of the four leading newspapers of San Francisco for the last six months, returned to work this week. It is understood that the men resumed work with an agreement

WM. C. PIDGE JOHN J. MADDEN

JAS. H. REILLY & CO.

FUNERAL DIRECTORS

Reasonable Rates to our Union Members and their Friends PHONE MISSION 141 915 VALENCIA ST NEAR 20TH MEMBER OF S. F. TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION NO. 21

Directory of Labor Council Unions

Labor Council meets every Friday at 8 p. m. at Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp Streets. Secretary's office and headquarters, San Francisco Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp Streets. Executive and Arbitration Committee meets at headquarters every Monday at 7:30 p.m. Organizing Committee meets at headquarters on second Thursdays at 7:30 p.m. Label Committee meets at headquarters first and third Wednesdays. Law and Legislative Committee meets at call of chalrman. Label Section meets first and third Wednesdays at 8 p. m. Headquarters phone—Market 56.

Alaska Fishermen—Meet Fridays, 49 Clay
Asphalt Workers—Meet 2d Monday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and
Capp.
Amalgamated Carpenters No. 1—Meet alternate Fridays, Building
Trades Temple.
Amalgamated Carpenters No. 2—Meet alternate Fridays, Building

Trades Temple.

Amalgamated Carpenters No. 3—Meet alternate Mondays, Building

Trades Temple.

Amalgamated Carpenters No. 5—Meet alternate Mondays, Building

Amaigamated Carpenters No. 5—Meet alternate actions, Trades Temple.

Auto Bus Operators' Union—Meets every Thursday, 9 p. m., 84 East. R. H. Buck, Business Agent.

Automobile and Carriage Painters No. 1073—Meet Thursday evenings, Building Trades Temple.

Baggage Messengers—Meet 2d Mondays, 146 Steuart.

Bakers (Caracker) No. 125—Meet 2d and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Bakers' Auxiliary (Cracker)—Meets 1st and 3d Tuesdays, 1524 Powell, Bakers No. 24—Meet 1st and 3d Saturdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth Bakers No. 24—Meet 1st and 3d Saturdays, Labor Temple, Slaters And Capp.

Bakers No. 134—Victor Jallen, secretary, 2803 Geary.

Bakers Wagon Drivers—Meet 2d and 4th Saturdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Barbers—Meet first and 3d Mondays, 112 Valencia.

Bartenders No. 41—Meet 1st Mondays at 2:30; other Mondays in evening at 1065 Market.

Bay and River Steamboatmen—Meet Sundays, headquarters, 10 East. Henry Huntsman, Secretary.

Beer Drivers No. 227—Meet 2d Tuesdays and 4th Thursdays, headquarters, 177 Capp.

Beer Bottlers No. 293—Meet 1st and 3d Tuesdays, at headquarters, 177 Capp.

Bill Posters—Meet 2d and 4th Mondays, Fifteenth and Mission.

Blacksmiths and Helpers No. 168—Meet 1st and 3d Tuesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Boller Makers No. 6—Meet 2d and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Bill Fosters—meet 2d and 4th Mondays, Fitteenth and Mission.

Blacksmiths and Helpers No. 168—Meet 1st and 3d Tuesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Boiler Makers No. 6—Meet 2d and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Book Binders No. 31—Meet 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple. James D. Kelly, Business Agent, Underwood Building, 525 Market.

Boot and Shoe Workers No. 216—Meet 2d and 4th Wednesdays, Shoe Workers' Hall, Twenty-fourth and Howard.

Battle Caners—Meet 1st Fridays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Box Makers and Sawyers—Meet 1st and 3d Tuesdays, 177 Capp.

Brass and Chandelier Workers No. 158—Meet 2d and 4th Wednesdays, Building Trades Temple.

Brewery Workmen No. 7—Meet 2d and 4th Saturdays at headquarters, 177 Capp.

Bridge and Structural Iron Workers No. 31—Meet Mondays, 224 Guerrero.

Butchers No. 115—Meet Wednesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and

Broom Markes

Capp.

Butchers No. 115—Meet Wednesdays, Labor Temple, Gracella Capp.

Butchers No. 508 (Slaughterhousemen)—Meet every Tuesday, Laurel Hall, Seventh and R. R. Avenue.

Carpenters No. 22—Meet Fridays, Building Trades Temple.

Carpenters No. 304—Meet Mondays, Carpenters' Hall, 112 Valencia.

Carpenters No. 483—Meet Mondays, 112 Valencia.

Carpenters No. 1082—Meet Tuesdays, 112 Valencia.

Carpenters No. 1640—Meet Thursdays, Building Trades Temple.

Car Repairers and Trackmen No. 687—Meet 2d and 4th Fridays,

Labor Temple. Mechanics' Hall.

Cemetery Employees—Meet 1st and 3d Saturdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Cement Workers No. 1-Meet Wednesdays, Building Trades Temple. Chauffeurs No. 265, I. B. of T.—Meet 1st and 3d Thursdays in evening, 2d and 4th Thursdays in afternoon, at 215 Willow Avenue. S. T. Dixon, Business Agent.

Cigar Makers—Meet 1st and 3d Thursdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Cloth Hat and Cap Makers No. 9—Meet 1st and 3d Tuesdays, Germania Hall, 15th and Mission. J. Dorfman, Secretary.

Composition Roofers No. 25—Meet 1st and 3d Mondays, Building Trades Temple. Cooks' Helpers—Meet 2d and 4th Wednesdays at headquarters, 338 Kearny.

Cooks No. 44—Meet 2d and 4th Thursday nights; headquarters, 828 Mission.

Coopers No. 65—Meet 2d and 4th Tuesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Electrical Workers No. 6-Meet Wednesdays, Building Trades Temple.

Electrical Workers No. 92-Meet Wednesdays, 112 Valencia.

Electrical Workers No. 151-Thursdays, 112 Valencia.

Electrical Workers No. 537—Wednesdays, 146 Steuart.

Elevator Conductors and Starters No. 13,105—Meet 2d and 4th
Thursdays, Russ Hall, 235 Montgomery. Elevator Constructors No. 2—Meet 1st and 3d Fridays, Building Trades Temple.

Federation of Federal Civil Service Employees—Meet 1st Tuesday, Pacific Building; headquarters 742 Pacific Building.

Foundry Employees—Meet 1st and 3d Fridays, Labor Temple.

Furniture Handlers No. 1-Meet 2d and 4th Fridays, Building Trades

Garment Cutters—Meet 2d and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

teenth and Capp.

Garment Workers No. 131—Meet 1st and 3d Thursdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Gas Appliance and Stove Fitters—Meet 2d and 4th Fridays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp. J. Hammerschlagg, Secretary.

Gas and Electric Fixture Hangers No. 404—Meet 2d and 4th Mondays, Building Trades Temple.

Gas and Water Workers-Meet 1st and 3d Thursdays, Building

Glass Bottle Blowers—Meet 2d and 4th Saturdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp. Glore Workers—Meet 3d Friday. Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp. Glass Packers, Branch No. 45—Meet 1st and 3rd Saturdays, Labor

Granite Cutters—Meet 2d and 4th Tuesdays, Building Trades Temple. Grecery Clerks—Meet 1st and 3d Thursdays; headquarters, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp; hours, 10 to 11 a. m. Hatters' Union—J. Grace, Secretary; 1114 Mission. Hoisting Engineers No. 59—Meet Mondays, Building Trades Temple. Herseshoers—Meet 1st and 3d Thursdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth

Houseing Engineers No. 59—Meet Mondays, Building Trades Temple.

Herseshoers—Meet 1st and 3d Thursdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Housesmiths and Iron Workers No. 78—Meet Wednesdays, Building Trades Temple.

House Movers—Meet 2d and 4th Wednesdays, Building Trades Temple. Ice Wagon Drivers—Meet 2d and 4th Mondays, Laber Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Iron, Tin and Steel Workers No. 5—Meet 1st and 2d Saturdays, Metropolitan Hall, South San Francisco.

Janitors—Meet 1st Thursdays, 8 p. m., Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Capp.

Jinney Bus Operators No. 399—R. H. Buck, Business Agent, 56
Steuart.

Ladles' Garment Workers No. 8—Meet 2d and 4th Wednesdays, 1256

Market.

Laundry Wagon Drivers—Meet 2d and 4th Wednesdays, 1256

Laundry Wagon Drivers—Meet 2d and 4th Wednesdays, Labor Temple,
Sixteenth and Capp.

Leather Workers on Horse Goods—Meet 2d and 4th Thursdays, Brewery Workers' Hall.

Machinists' Auxiliary, Golden West Lodge No. 1—Meets 1st and 3d
Tuesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Machinists No. 68—Meet Wednesdays; headquarters, Labor Temple,
Sixteenth and Capp.

Mailers—Meet 4th Monday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Mantel. Grate and Tile Setters—Meet 1st and 3d Fridays, Building
Trades Temple.

Marble Workers No. 44—Meet 1st and 3d Tuesdays, Building Trades
Temple.

Marble Cutters No. 38—Meet 2d and 4th Monday, During Trades
Marble Cutters No. 38—Meet 2d and 4th Monday, During Trades

Marble Cutters No. 38—Meet 2d and 4th Mondays, Building Trades Temple.

Marine Firemen, Oilers and Water Tenders—Meet Tuesdays, 58 Co

Marine Gasoline Engineers No. 471—Meet 1st and 3d Thursdays. Metal Polishers—Meet 1st and 3d Mondays, Labor Temple, Sixte-

and Capp.

Milk Wagon Drivers—Meet Wednesdrys, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and

Capp.

Millmen No. 422—Meet Tuesdays, Building Trades Temple,

Millwrights No. 766—Meet 1st and 3d Fridays, Building Trades

Temple.

Molders' Auxiliary—Meets 1st Friday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and

Molders' Auxiliary—Meets 1st Friday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Molders No. 164—Meet Tuesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Molders No. 164—Meet Tuesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Mold Makers No. 66—Meet 1st Thursday, Roesch Building.
Moving Picture Operators, Local No. 162—Meet 2d and 4th Thursdays,
10 a. m., at headquarters, Musicians' Hall, 68 Haight.
Musicians—Headquarters, 68 Haight.
Office Employees—Meet 2d and 4th Wednesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Painters No. 19—Meet Mondays, Building Trades Temple.
Pattern Makers—Meet 2d and 4th Friday nights at headquarters,
Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Pavers No. 18—Meet 1st Monday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Photo Engravers No. 8—Meet 1st Sundays at 12 M., in Labor Temple,
Sixteenth and Capp.
Pile Drivers, Bridge and Structural Iron Workers—Meet Thursdays;

Sixteenth and Capp.

Pile Drivers, Bridge and Structural Iron Workers—Meet Thursdays; headquarters, 457 Bryant,
Plasterers No. 66—Meet Mondays, Building Trades Temple.
Plumbers No. 442—Meet Fridays, Building Trades Temple.
Postoffice Clerks—Meet 4th Thursdays, Knights of Columbus Hall.
Press Feeders and Assistants—Meet 2d Thursday, Labor Temple; headquarters, 628 Montgomery. Room 229.
Printing Pressmen No. 24—Meet 2d Mondays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.
Rammermen—Meet 2d Monday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth

and Capp.

Rammermen—Meet 2d Monday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Retail Clerks No. 432—Meet Wednesdays, 8 p. m., K. of C. Hall.

Retail Delivery Drivers—Meet at headquarters, 2d and 4th Thursdays,

Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Retail Shoe Clerks No. 410—Meet Tuesdays, 8 p. m., K. of P. Hall.

Riggers and Stevedores—Meet Mondays, 74 Folsom.

Sallors' Union of the Pachic—Meet Mondays, Maritime Hall Building,

59 Clay.

Sallors' Union of the Pacific—Meet Mondays, Maritime Hall Building, 59 Clay.

Sail Makers—Meet at Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp. Sheet Metal Workers No. 95—Meet 2d Thursdays, 224 Guerrero. Sheet Metal Workers No. 104—Meet Fridays, 224 Guerrero. Shippard Laborers—Meet Fridays, Labor Temple.

Sign and Pictorial Painters No. 510—Meet Fridays, Building Trades

Stable and Garage Employees-Meet Thursdays, Labor Temple, Six-

table and variety
teenth and Capp.
tage Employees—68 Haight.
tage Employees—68 Tuesdays. Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Stage Employees—68 Haigh Stationary Firemen—Meet

Stationary Firemen—Meet Tuesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Steam Engineers No. 64—Meet Tuesdays, Building Trades Temple. Steam Fitters and Helpers No. 599—Meet 1st and 3d Wednesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Steam Fitters No. 509—Meet Tuesday evenings, 224 Guerrero.

Steam Laundry Workers—Meet 1st and 3d Mondays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp; headquarters, Labor Temple.

Steam Shovelmen Dist. No. 4—Meet Wednesdays, 215 Hewes Building.

Stereotypers and Electrotypers—Meet 2d Sunday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Street Railway Employees, Div. 518—Meet 2d and 4th Thursdays, Labor Temple.

Sugar Workers—Meet 2d and 4th Tuesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Switchmen's Union No. 197—Meets 1st and 3d Sundays, 2876 Twenty-fourth.

Fourth, Tailors (Journeymen) No. 2—Meet 1st and 3d Tuesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Tailors No. 80—Meet 2d and 4th Mondays, 240 Golden Gate Avenue,

Teamsters—Meet Thursdays; headquarters, 536 Bryant. Teamsters No. 216-Meet Saturdays, Building Trades Temple

Theatrical Employees—Meet 1st and 3d Tuesdays, 11 a. m., 68 Haight.

Tobacco Workers—Meet 3d Fridays, Building Trades Temple. Miss M. Kerrigan, Secretary, 290 Fremont.

Travellers' Goods and Novelty Workers—Tiv Hall, Albion Ave.

Typographical No. 21—Meets last Sunday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp; headquarters, Room 701 Underwood Bldg., 525 Market.
Undertakers—Meet on call, 3567 Seventeenth.

United Glass Workers—Meet Wednesdays, Building Trades Temple. United Laborers of S. F.—Meet Tuesdays, Building Trades Temple. Upholsterers—Meet 2d and 4th Tuesdays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Waiters No. 30—Meet 1st Wednesday, 8:30 p. m.; other Wednesdays 2:30 p. m., at headquarters, 828 Mission.

Waitresses No. 48—Meet Wednesdays, 1095 Market. Watchmen No. 15,689—O. S. Curry, secretary; 1437 Polk.

Web Pressmen-Meet 4th Monday, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp.

Ladies' Auxiliary to Label Section—Meets 2d and 4th Mondays, Labor Temple, Sixteenth and Capp. Anti-Jap Laundry League 313-14 Anglo Bldg., Sixteenth and Mission. that their scale of prices will be settled by arbi-

An Associated Press dispatch of December 5th announces that Solomon S. Carvalho, for many years president of the Star Company, publishers of the New York "American," also an executive officer of a number of other enterprises of which William R. Hearst is head, has withdrawn from the Hearst organization.

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21 Jewelled Waltham or Elgin, regular price... \$0.00 20.00

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The San Francisco Association for the Study and Prevention of Tuberculosis holds a clinic for worthy patients each Monday evening at 7 e'clock in the rooms at 1547 Jackson Street, between Polk and Larkin. Any man or woman unable by reason of employment to attend the morning clinics, and desirous of securing expert medical attention, is invited to be

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AINSWORTH RE-ELECTED.

Frank H. Ainsworth, Lieutenant in the United States Navy, has been unanimously reelected president of the San Francisco Federation of Federal Civil Service Employees. Other officers and delegates elected for the ensuing term are: First vice-president, W. H. Deasy; second vice-president, W. J. Varnes; third vicepresident, Miss Ray Ewing; treasurer, C. F. Hutchinson; secretary, H. A. Green; conductor, J. K. Johansen; guard, C. H. Biederman; executive committee, G. E. Johnston, G. W. Wilson, J. Madsen, D. S. Looney, A. O. Cordell, D. H. McClure, J. Regan, J. Thompson, W. H. Crane, A. W. Marisch, J. R. Rochford, S. Arvigi, F. W. Lynch, W. D. Conn, E. Dillon, W. J. Varnes; delegates to San Francisco Labor Council, J. K. Johansen, D. S. Looney.

At the last meeting of the union fifty candidates were initiated, bringing the total membership of the organization to app. nately five hundred members.

BARTENDERS NOMINAL

The following have been placed in inition by the Bartenders' Union for its semi-annual election to be held on December 20th: President, James Ferguson; vice-president, Gus Vollum; secretary, Daniel P. Regan; treasurer, J. A. Martin; business agents, M. Skierka, P. Barling, Al Condrotte; delegates to San Francisco Labor Council, J. Ferguson, W. Steinkamp, A. Zimmerman, J. P. McGinley, P. Hoff, J. Martin, Al Condrotte, Peter Barling, Daniel Regan, M. Skierka; delegates to local joint executive board, D. Regan, J. Ferguson, A. Zimmerman, W. Steinkamp; delegate to convention California State Federation of Labor, A. Zimmerman; physician, Dr. Harder; sergeant-at-arms, W. Steinkamp; outside guard, George Bowman.

GARMENT WORKERS GAIN.

The members of United Garment Workers' Union No. 7, of Baltimore, have been granted an increase of 10 per cent as of January 1st.

SHOE CLERKS ELECT OFFICERS.

Retail Shoe Clerks' Union No. 410 has elected the following officers and delegates: President, I. Sena; first vice-president, Frederick Dunworth; second vice-president, E. J. Puckett, Jr.; financial secretary, E. A. Levy; recording secretary, F. A. O'Brien; guide, M. Selleck; inside guard, W. E. Yeffa; outside guard, J. Jacobs; delegates to San Francisco Labor Council, F. A. O'Brien, Arthur W. Brouillet, Harry Cantrowith; delegates to Label Section, M. E. Kirby, H. P. Harpold.

The union has taken an appeal to the American Federation of Labor on the decision of the Labor Council in unseating A. W. Brouillet as a delegate from the Shoe Clerks' Union.

KIDDIES' WEEK IN MISSION.

Next week will be "Kiddies' Week" in the Mission district in celebration of the second annual Christmas treat for the children of the Mission-street Merchants' Association. From Monday, December 10th, until Friday 10,000 toys will be distributed free at the New Mission Theatre in exchange for tickets to be obtained at any of the Mission merchants' stores for the asking.

The toys for "Kiddies' Week," contributed by the Mission-street Merchants' Association, will be dispersed to the children by a Santa Claus at the New Mission Theatre, who will also admit them for any matinee performance during the week without even the payment of the war tax.

One requirement only is made by the merchants and the theatre management, and that is the children must apply for tickets in some one of their stores. Tickets will be given without purchases being made, and when presented at the New Mission Theatre will entitle the child holder to both a toy and free admission to a matinee performance.

Patronize those who patronize you is a good rule to follow. Those who advertise in the "Labor Clarion" patronize you.

NEW MISSION THEATRE.

George Beban, noted Italian impersonator, will be seen for the last time in "Lost in Transit" at the New Mission Theatre this Saturday night. The other films on this bill are a Keystone comedy and the Hearst Pathe News.

stone comedy and the Hearst Pathe News.
"America's Sweetheart," Mary Pickford, will be the star at the New Mission for the three



days beginning Sunday in the patriotic film spectacle, "The Little American." As Angela Moore, the little American girl who braves the dangers of the war zone, Mary Pickford appears in a part that demands much of her dramatic ability. Among the thrilling scenes in which she participates are those depicting the sinking of the huge liner, the Veritania, in midocean. A comedy and the Hearst Pathe News are among other films on the programme.

German espionage systems in the United States before the war are exposed in "The Spy," a powerful screen drama, starring Dustin Farnum, to be shown at the New Mission Wednesday and Thursday. The adventures of an American secret service agent in penetrating to the very heart of the Wilhelmstrasse, Berlin's central spy office, are portrayed in this picture.

Fannie Ward in "On the Level," the story of a woman's sacrifice for the man she loves, will be the New Mission screen offering Friday and Saturday.

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